Aviation Safety Investigation Report 199403673

Short Bros Pty Ltd Shorts 360 Beech Aircraft Corp Super King Air

06 December 1994

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Investigations commenced on or before 30 June 2003, including the publication of reports as a result of those investigations, are authorised by the Executive Director of the Bureau in accordance with Part 2A of the Air Navigation Act 1920.

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NOTE: All air safety occurrences reported to the ATSB are categorised and recorded. For a detailed explanation on Category definitions please refer to the ATSB website at www.atsb.gov.au.

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The Bureau did not conduct an on scene investigation of this occurrence. The information presented below was obtained from information supplied to the Bureau.

Occurrence Number: 199403673 Occurrence Type: Incident

Location: 25km S Nowra

NSW State: **Inv Category:**

Date: Tuesday 06 December 1994

Time: 1450 hours Time Zone **ESuT**

Highest Injury Level: None

Aircraft Manufacturer: Short Bros Pty Ltd

Aircraft Model: SD360-300

Aircraft Registration: VH-MJH **Serial Number:** SH3758

Type of Operation: Air Transport High Capacity Passenger

Damage to Aircraft: Nil

Departure Point: Moruya NSW 1442 ESuT **Departure Time: Destination:** Sydney NSW

Aircraft Manufacturer: Beech Aircraft Corp

Aircraft Model: B200C

Aircraft Registration: VH-AMM Serial Number: BL-125

Type of Operation: Miscellaneous Other

Damage to Aircraft: Nil

Departure Point: Sydney NSW **Departure Time:** 1426 ESuT **Destination:** Moruya NSW

Approved for Release: Thursday, February 9, 1995

VH-AMM departed Sydney at 1426, tracking via Nowra to Moruya and cruising at flight level 160. Nowra control zone extends approximately 19 miles south of Nowra. The base of the control area south of this is 8000 ft, until 30 miles from Nowra. From 30 miles south of Nowra to Moruya the base of controlled airspace is flight level 150.

VH-MJH departed Moruya at 1442, tracking via Nowra for Sydney and cruising at 7000 ft. Advice of this departure was passed by Melbourne flight service to Nowra air traffic control.

At 1448 Melbourne air traffic control advised Melbourne flight service that VH-AMM was on descent 12 miles south of Nowra and would be calling flight service. The descent was continued and as instructed by air traffic control the crew called on the flight service frequency. An estimate of 1501 for arrival at Moruya was given to flight service.

Nowra air traffic control had observed both aircraft on radar and contacted flight service to pass an instruction to VH-AMM to maintain 8000 ft. An error in the call sign used by Nowra air traffic control caused a delay in transmission of this instruction. When the message was passed to the crew of VH-AMM at 1451 they advised they were climbing back to 8000 ft from 7700 ft. The two aircraft passed at about this stage.

Melbourne flight service was required to pass traffic information to both aircraft about each other, but had not done so. Nowra was not a compulsory reporting point and the Melbourne air traffic controller did not pass a position report for Nowra to flight service. Because there was no position report the controller had advised flight service when the aircraft was on descent.

The flight service officer did not have the flight progress strip for VH-AMM in the active bay until after the controller's report of the aircraft being on descent. The procedures adopted left limited time for the flight service officer to assess the traffic situation.

Significant Factors

The following factors were considered relevant to the development of the incident:

- 1. Limited time period available to the flight service officer after advice of VH-AMM on descent.
- 2. Flight service officer did not pass the required traffic information to either aircraft, reasons undetermined.